

YEAR 8 HOME LEARNING GEOGRAPHY

WEEK BEGINNING 18TH MAY 2020 AND WEEK BEGINNING 1ST JUNE

What are the learning objectives for this fortnight?

Lesson 6: Challenges of economic growth in China to understand the main issues that development has caused in the county of China

Lesson 7: China's Sweatshops to investigate the issues of sweatshops in China

How long should I spend on work in GEOGRAPHY this fortnight?

Aim to spend at least 1 hour on GEOGRAPHY work per week. Each lesson is 1 hour long. Or you could do 6 – 20 minute slots across the fortnight.

What should I do if I complete the work early? There are some EXTENSION activities at the end of each lesson which you could complete if you finish activities early.

Where can I find the resources for these lessons?

Brine Leas Website; Portal; Click on either the Microsoft Logo or the Apple Mac one; Type in Username and Password; Click on remote desktop(look for the link at the bottom of screen and press connect – you will need to re-enter password at this point) Click on This PC; Go to (x) students; **Read only** folder; **Home Learning** folder; **Year 8** folder; **Geography** folder; **Week beginning 18th May** folder.

LESSON SIX: CHALLENGES OF ECONOMIC GROWTH IN CHINA (to be completed week beg 18th May)

Do Now Activity

Define the following key terms:

- One-Child Policy
- Rural to Urban Migration
- TNC

Activity One – Knowledge Quiz

1. State three effects of China's one-child policy.
.....
.....
.....

2. What is communism?
 A form of government where people own their own businesses and property.
 A form of government where the state owns and controls everything.

3. What is the name of the ruling party in China?
.....

4. Which of the following are features that you could find on the course of a river:
 Ox-bow lakes
 Sand dunes
 Meanders
 Levees
 Waterfalls
 Wave-cut platforms

5. State three reasons why areas of the tropical rainforest may be deforested:
.....
.....
.....

Activity Two – Activate

Read the following information so that you can apply it later on in this lesson:

Definitions

Development:

The increase in standards of living and quality of life

Economic Growth:

The increase in the production and selling of goods and services in a country

Issues with development in China

Development in China has led to huge economic growth.

Economic growth is the increase in the production and selling of goods and services in a country. This will increase the country's GNI (Gross National Income).

China uses a lot of coal to power industry and manufacturing, this causes air pollution and the burning of fossil fuels is a cause of climate change. The smoke from the factories mixes with cloud and fog in the lower atmosphere to create smog which worsens air quality. This affects people's health. Additionally, the large population has caused an increase in car ownership and traffic congestion which also burns fossil fuels and enhances the greenhouse effect.

To attract more TNCs, China has limited regulation for the industrial sector and so industry waste such as dye is often poured into river systems, polluting the water supply. In Shanghai, around 90% of the water in cities major rivers is undrinkable.

The increasing demand for power has led to river systems being exploited to produce dams, such as the Three Gorges Dam on the Yangtze River. This has many social and environmental impacts such as deforestation to make space for the dam and deliberate flooding of land behind the dam wall, which causes species to become endangered and people to be displaced.

Biodiversity is being affected in the south of China, with an increase in deforestation to clear land for rubber plantations. This is causing species such as pandas, gibbons and the golden monkey to become endangered.

Activity Three - Recall

Outline the strategies that can be used to manage a cold environment (6 marks)

Activity Four – Retrieval

1. What is economic growth?
2. What sort of fuel does China use for much of its energy production and manufacturing?
3. Why is this a problem?
4. What problems are associated with river pollution?
5. Why was the Three Gorges Dam built?
6. What is a major cause of deforestation?
7. How is biodiversity affected by economic growth?

Activity Five – Demonstrate

What are the challenges caused by China's economic development?

In your books or on your lined paper, write a paragraph giving at least three reasons why China's economic growth is causing challenges for itself and the whole world.

Points to include in your paragraph:

Energy production

Traffic pollution

Climate change

Smog

Biodiversity

River pollution

Dams

Structure of your paragraph:

Economic growth is...

China's economic growth has given it a GNI of....

However this has also led to challenges, for example...

Furthermore...

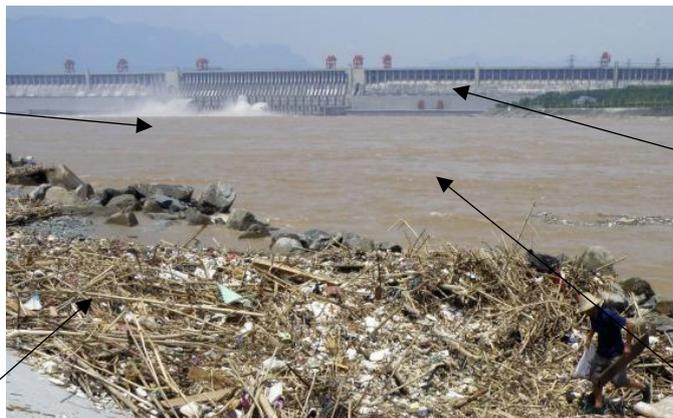
In addition...

Other challenges include...

Activity Six – Demonstrate

Draw a diagram and include annotation to show which is the biggest issue in relation to development in the country.

The dam has caused natural disasters in area to increase, they has been more landslides and an increase in earthquakes.



The dam is very expensive to maintain and has caused a lot of people to lose their jobs (such as people who used to fish the River).

Rubbish that has been washed downstream and is stuck behind the dam. This destroys the habitats and pollutes the water

The dam has flooded lots of land and this has forced people away from their homes. The government has not helped people who lost their homes.



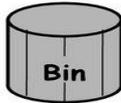
HEAD-something that has made you think



HEART- something that you have felt

BIN-something you did not find interesting

BAG- something you will remember and take away



PLENARY

LESSON SEVEN: CHINA'S SWEATSHOPS (to be completed week beg 1st June

Do Now Activity

Write down as much as you can remember about China in an interdependent world.

Think:

The past, the present and the future

Activity One – Knowledge Quiz

<p>1. Name three challenges caused by China's economic growth.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p>	<p>2. What is China's "Belt and Road" initiative?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Building new factories in China's megacities <input type="checkbox"/> Investing in infrastructure projects around the world using Chinese funding. <input type="checkbox"/> Repairing China's existing road and rail network. 				
<p>4. What is biodiversity?</p> <p>.....</p> <p>4. Name some of China's animal species which have become endangered.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p>	<p>5. List five push factors and five pull factors into a country</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Push</td> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Pull</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> </tr> </table>	Push	Pull		
Push	Pull				

Activity Two – Activate

A sweatshop is a factory often producing clothing or electronic goods where people work long hours for low wages in often poor conditions.

The term was first used in the 1850s to describe clothing factories in Europe and the UK.

A challenge of economic growth in China are sweatshops. Many TNCs such as Amazon, Apple and Nike are attracted to China as it can pay low wages to employees, which increases its profits.

Many factories are modern, provide employees with personal protective clothing and comply with safety regulations. However, not all factories provide good working conditions. Some are overcrowded and dangerous.

In 2018, a study by Hong Kong Economic Rights Institute found that difficult working conditions including punishment for minor offences and high staff turnover in Chinese factories contribute to employee suicides. In 2018, managers at a Chinese firm were jailed for whipping employees with belts and forcing employees to drink urine and eat cockroaches as a punishment for not meeting targets.

Watch this short clip:

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/av/technology-17121978/a-rare-look-at-apple-s-production-line-in-china>

Foxconn is a company that produces goods in China, for Amazon and Apple. In 2018, a report found that it had a high percentage of underpaid dispatch workers, working long hours. In 2019, a factory was temporarily closed by authorities after it made employees crawl along a public road for not meeting end of year targets.

This unethical treatment occurs because factory owners want more work to increase profits. Factory owners punish employees for poor performance in a bid to speed up their production lines. Many employees will not speak in case they are fired. In recent years, many TNCs have started to audit the working conditions in factories making their products which forces factory bosses who want the work to clean up their act.

Activity Three – Recall

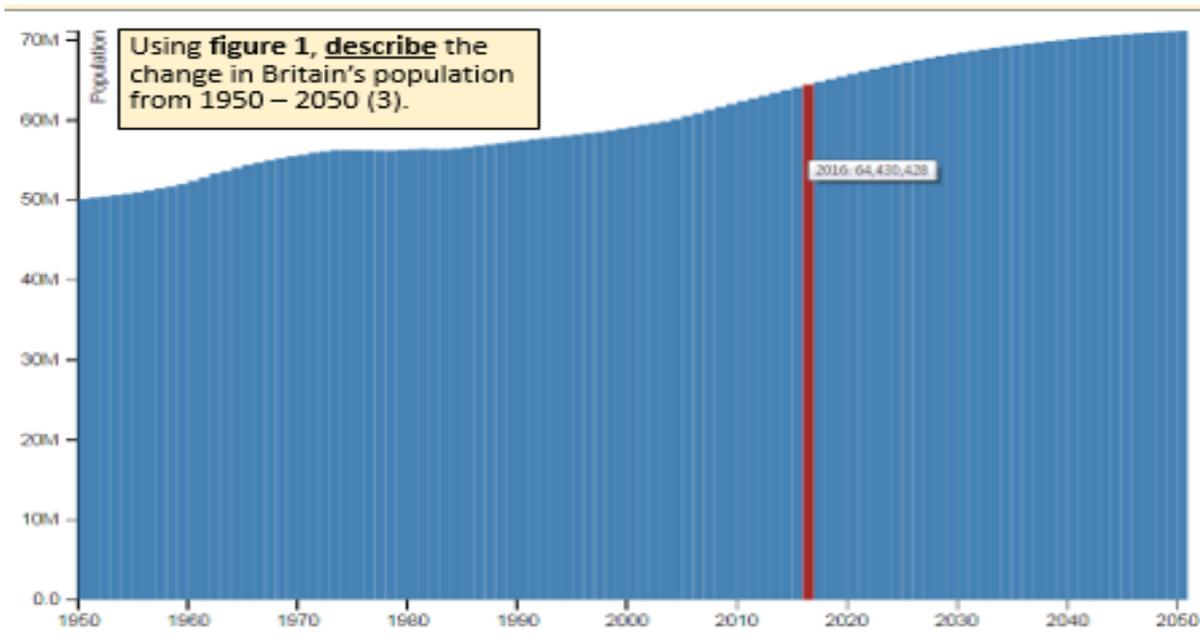
Using **figure 1** (see below), **describe** the change in Britain's population from 1950 – 2050 (3).

SUCCESS CRITERIA:

Give the overall pattern (back this up with data).

Are any exceptions? (anything that doesn't fit the overall pattern, back this up with data).

Third mark is reserved for data.



Activity Four – Retrieval

1. What is a sweatshop?
2. What is a TNC?
3. Who are some of the TNCs who make use of sweatshops in China?
4. Why are sweatshops used by these companies?
5. Give an example of employee mistreatment in sweatshops.
6. Why are some factories being forced to review their practices?

Activity Five – Demonstrate

In your book or on your lined paper, write a paragraph describing China's sweatshops:

A sweatshop is...

Include examples of working conditions inside sweatshops and the companies who make use of them.

Word bank: TNCs, factory, clothing industry, electronics, conditions, mistreatment, suicide

Activity Six – Demonstrate

Are TNCs or western consumers (people in countries like the UK) responsible for the working conditions for sweatshop employees?

Explain your opinion and back it up with some facts

Activity Seven – Demonstrate

Create an A4 leaflet to highlight the issues in sweatshops in China, the leaflet needs to be a mixture of text and pictures.

The following websites are a good place to start:

<https://waronwant.org/sweatshops-china>

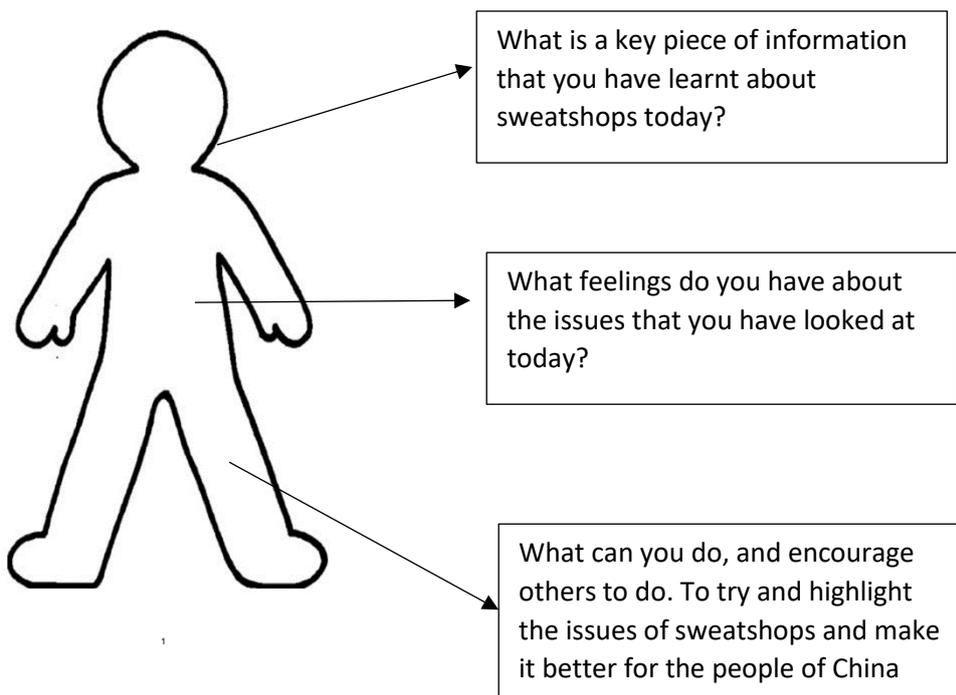
<https://www.theguardian.com/technology/2017/jun/18/foxconn-life-death-forbidden-city-longhua-suicide-apple-iphone-brian-merchant-one-device-extract>

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/business-30532463>

<https://www.macworld.com/article/2861381/bbc-documentary-highlights-conditions-at-a-chinese-iphone-factory-but-is-it-all-apples-fault.html>

Activity Eight – Consolidate

Draw the outline of the person below and answer the questions in the boxes next to it:



What is a key piece of information that you have learnt about sweatshops today?

What feelings do you have about the issues that you have looked at today?

What can you do, and encourage others to do. To try and highlight the issues of sweatshops and make it better for the people of China

Extension Tasks

Create a leaflet on the Three Gorges Dam on the Yangtze River in the leaflet you could include the following:

The benefits of the scheme to the people of China (social)

The benefits of the scheme to the economy of China (economic – jobs and money)

The issues created for the people of China (social)

The issues of the scheme to the environment of China (the natural world).

OR

Create a diary entry (or a blog) from the point of view of someone who is working in a sweatshop.